

- Heart disease is the #1 killer of American women.
- Heart disease can permanently damage your heart—and your life.
- Heart disease is a "now" problem, "later" may be too late.

What Is Heart Disease?

- Coronary heart disease affects the arteries of the heart. The Heart doesn't get enough nutrient-rich blood.
- Heart disease is chronic, it develops over years.
- Atherosclerosis is the condition where arteries harden as cholesterol, fat, and other substances build up in artery walls resulting in blockage that can cause a heart attack.

The Heart Truth

- Heart Disease worsens if it isn't treated. It leads to disability or death.
- Heart Disease isn't "fixed" by surgery or procedures, such as bypass and angioplasty.
- Heart disease can be prevented or controlled.
- Treatment includes lifestyle changes and, if needed, medication.

Risk Factors You can control these!!!

- Smoking
- High blood pressure
- High blood cholesterol
- Overweight/obesity
- Physical inactivity
- Diabetes





The Lower Heart Disease Risk Plan

(Solutions to the "now" to avoid the "later")

- GO!!! Moderate physical activity, 30 minutes most days of the week
- Follow a healthful eating plan:
 - Low in saturated fat and cholesterol and moderate in total fat
 - Limit salt and sodium.
 - If you drink alcoholic beverages, have no more than one a day.
- Maintain a healthy weight.
- Balance calories taken in with those used up in physical activity.
- Stop smoking.
- Manage diabetes.
- Take medication, if prescribed.

Heart-to-Heart

- Ask your doctor about your risk of heart disease
- Make a list of questions before your visit, write down or tape record what the says
- Tell your doctor if you smoke, describe your physical activity
- Tell your doctor any symptoms you feel

The Heart Attack Warning Signs

- Chest discomfort
 - Usually in the center of the chest
 - Lasts for more than a few minutes, or goes away and comes back
 - o Can feel like uncomfortable pressure, squeezing, fullness, or pain
 - Discomfort in other areas of the upper body, including pain or discomfort in one or both arms, the back, neck, jaw, or stomach
 - Shortness of breath
 - Other symptoms, such as breaking out in a cold sweat, nausea, or lightheadedness





The Heart Attack Survival Plan: ACT IN TIME

- Call 9-1-1 within minutes—5 minutes at most.
- ♥ Emergency medical personnel will begin treatment at once.
- Don't drive yourself to the hospital.
- Uncertainty is normal—don't be embarrassed by a false alarm.
- Plan ahead.
- Learn the warning signs.



